## Breadth Exam- Fall 2023

## ECGR 4124

## Quiz Instructions

## Question 1

An LTI system has impulse response defined by $h[n]=\{5,-3,6\}$ for $n=\{0,1,2\}$.
Determine the output of the system, $y[n]$, when the input, $x[n]=A \delta[n]$ for $A=-1$.
Provide a single number as your answer which is the total of the values of the output, i.e., $\sum_{-\infty}^{\infty} y[n]$.
$\square$

What are the components one would typically need to construct a digital signal processing system that could take analog signals as input and also output the processed results as an analog signal?

## (Choose all that apply)

ResistorCPUop ampanalog to digital converterdigital to analog converterinductorIf an input $x(t)=\sin (-3 \pi t)$ is sampled with a sampling frequency of $f_{s}=3$ samples $/ \mathrm{sec}$, what is the discrete frequency of the sampled sinusoidal signal in rad/sample?

Specify your answer with two decimal digits of accuracy.
$\square$

## Question 4

Let $x[n]$ denote a sampled signal from a continuous sinusoidal signal $x(t)=\sin (2 \pi f t)$. For $f=2.7 \mathrm{~Hz}$, and a sampling interval of $T=9$ seconds/sample, what the value of $x[3]$ ?

## Keep two decimal digits for result.

$\square$

How many signals listed below are periodic?
$x[n]=\sin \left(\frac{6 \pi}{7} n+1\right)$
$x[n]=\cos \left(\frac{n}{8}-\pi\right)$
$x[n]=\cos \left(\frac{\pi}{8} n-\frac{\pi}{3}\right)$
$x[n]=1$
Note: Constants DO repeat their values.
$\bigcirc 3$
1
0

4

If $z_{1}=1-j 2 \omega$ and $z_{2}=2+j 4 \omega$ simplify the ratio $\frac{z_{1}}{z_{2}^{*}}$ where $*$ denotes conjugation.

- $\frac{\sqrt{5}}{2 \sqrt{2}} e^{j \tan ^{-1}(2 \omega)}$
$\bigcirc \frac{\sqrt{5}}{2 \sqrt{2}} e^{-j \tan ^{-1}(2 \omega)}$
- $\frac{1}{2}$

None of the provided solutions are correct.

## Question 7

(True or False) The signal $x[n]=\sin \left(A \pi^{2} n\right)$ is periodic.

O True

False

Question 8

Which of the functions below are equivalent to the function $\sum_{k=-\infty}^{-4} \delta[n+k]$ ?
$\bigcirc \mu[n-4]$
$\bigcirc \mu[n]$
○ $\mu[n+4]$
None of the above

Question 9

What is the angle (in radians) of the complex number $z=-3$ ?
$\bigcirc 0$
$2 \pi$

## Question 10

What is the list of values of $x[n]=e^{-j 5 \pi n}$ for $n=0,1,2,3$ ?
○ $1,-1,1,-1$

- $-1,1,-1,1$

○ $0,1,-1,0$None of the above

## Question 11

If $x[n]=3 \delta[n+1]+2 \delta[n-2]+5 e^{-n} \mu[n-1]$ what is the value of $x[n]$ at $n=0$ ?
$\bigcirc+\infty$
$\bigcirc 0$
5
The correct answer is not provided

## Question 12

The lengths of two discrete time sequence $x_{1}[n]$ and $x_{2}[n]$ are 7 and 7 respectively. The maximum length of a sequence $x_{1}[n] * x_{2}[n]$ is
$\square$

## Question 13

Let $x[n]=\sin \left(\frac{1}{b} \pi n\right)$. Given that $b=19$, determine the fundamental period of $x[n]$.
$\square$

## Question 14

Given the signal $x[n]=\mu[n-a]$ where $a=6$, determine the moment that this signal changes from 0 to 1 .
$\square$

## Question 15

Given the system having Discrete Time Fourier Transform as shown below:

$$
Y\left(e^{j \omega}\right)+e^{-j \omega} Y\left(e^{j \omega}\right)=X\left(e^{j \omega}\right)+e^{B j \omega} X\left(e^{j \omega}\right)
$$

Given that $B=4$, indicate if the system is causal using a $(0,1)$ answer as indicated below.
Answer with a number [0,1] where:
1 = Yes the system is causal.
$0=$ No the system is not causal.
$\square$

Consider a system with input $x[n]$ and output $y[n]$. The input-output relation for the system is defined by the following two properties:

1. $y[n]-a y[n-1]=x[n]$
2. $y[0]=-1$

## Answer with a number [ 0,1 ] where:

1 = Yes the system is linear and time invariant.
$0=$ No the system is not linear and time invariant.
$\square$

Consider a system with input $x[n]$ and output $y[n]$. The input-output relation for the system is defined by the following two properties:

1. $y[n]-B y[n-1]=A x[n]$
2. $y[0]=-2$

Given that $B=-0.1$ and $A=-2$, indicate if the system is stable using a $(0,1)$ answer as indicated below.
Answer with a number [ 0,1$]$ where:
$1=$ Yes the system is stable.
$0=$ No the system is not stable.
$\square$

If $X[25]=1-j$ is the value of the DFT at index $k=25$. What is the phase of response at $k=25$ ?
○ $\frac{\pi}{4}$
○ $\frac{7 \pi}{4}$
$\bigcirc \pi$None of the provided answers are correct.

## Question 19

If $x[n]=e^{-j \omega_{0} n}$ then the DTFT of $x[n], X\left(e^{j \omega}\right)$ is:
$\bigcirc \delta\left(\omega-\omega_{0}\right)$
$\bigcirc \sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} 2 \pi \delta\left(\omega-\omega_{0}+2 \pi k\right)$
$\bigcirc \sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} 2 \pi \delta\left(\omega+\omega_{0}+2 \pi k\right)$
None of the provided answers are correct.

If $x(t)=\cos (70 \pi t)$ is sampled with a sampling period of $T=\frac{1}{70}$ and $X[k]$ is the 101-point DFT of $x[n]$ , i.e., $x[n] \leftrightarrow X[k]$. What index, $k$, of the DFT is closest to the frequency of the input sinusoid $x[n]$ ?

00
$\bigcirc 48$
○ 52
○ 50

## Question 21

If $x(t)=\cos (300 \pi t)$ is sampled with a sampling period of $T=\frac{1}{150}$ seconds/sample, what is the equation for $x[n]$ ?

○ 1
$\bigcirc \cos (2 n)$
$\bigcirc \cos (\pi n)$
none of the above

## Question 22

A system that aliases frequencies is LTI?
$\bigcirc$ False

Question 23

Given the signal below

$$
x(t)=5 \cos (100 \pi t)+10 \cos (200 \pi t)-15 \cos (300 \pi t)
$$

which of the following sample rates is the lowest rate that also avoids aliasing?300 Hz600 Hz200 Hz$300 \pi \mathrm{~Hz}$

## Question 24

Indicate if the system $h[n]=-1^{n} u[n-(-1)]$ is stable.
Answer with a number [ 0,1 ] where:
1 = Yes the system is stable.
$0=$ No the system is not stable.
$\square$

Calculate the output signal by convolving the system, $h[n]$, and the input, $x[n]$, as provided below:

$$
\begin{gathered}
x[n]=u[n] \\
h[n]=a^{n} u[n]
\end{gathered}
$$

where $a=0.2$.
Using your formula for the solution, determine the output at a specific sample index $n=3$ by calculating $y[3]$ at that sample index.

To obtain the result with the required accuracy, you should find the closed expression of $y[n]$ then substitute the value of $n$ to it.

Specify your answer with two decimal digits of accuracy.

